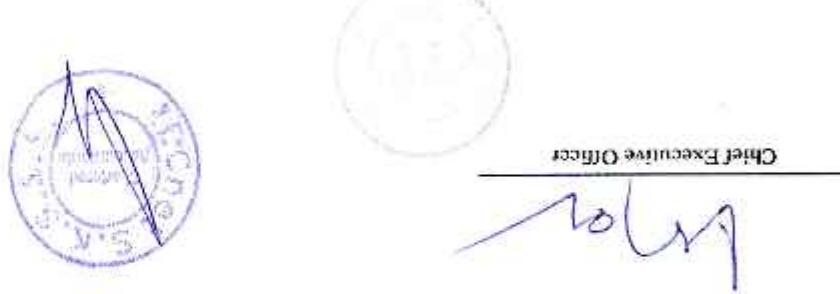


28



35.1. These financial statements were submitted for issue on October 07, 2024 by the Board of Directors of the Company.

### 35 AUTHORIZATION

Amounts have been rounded off to the nearest rupee, unless otherwise stated

### 34 GENERAL

Corresponding figures have been reclassified and re-calculated where necessary to reflect more appropriate presentation of events and transactions for the purpose of comparison, and in order to improve comparability with disclosure requirements.

### 33 RE-CATEGORIZATION AND RE-ARRANGEMENTS

| Total employees of the Company at the end of the year | Average employees of the Company during the year |
|---|--|
| Number  | Number   |
| Jun-24  | 15   |
| Jun-23  | 3  |

### 32 NUMBER OF EMPLOYEES

The related parties of the Company comprise of shareholders/directors, key management personnel, entities with common shareholding, entities over which the directors are able to exercise influence and entities under common directorship. Transactions with related parties and the balances outstanding at year end are disclosed in the respective notes to the financial statements.

### 31 RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

27



29  
29



considered  
SECURITIES (PVT) LTD as at year ended June 30th, 2024 as determined by Board of Directors. Stock Exchange has been

30.2.1 While determining the value of the total assets of the TREC Limited, Nominal value of TREC Capital held by SHAPEL

| 30.2 CAPITAL ADHOCACY |                 |   | Capital Adequacy Level |
|-----------------------|-----------------|---|------------------------|
| Notes                 | Amount (Rupees) | Inputs  | (Level / Inputs)       |
| 30.2.1                | 37,296,445      | The Capital Adequacy level as required by CIRC is detailed as follows | Level I inputs         |
| 30.2.2                | 36,277          |   | Level II inputs        |
| 30.2.3                | (5,598,156)     |   | Level III inputs       |

30.1 The Company objectives when managing capital are to safeguard the company's ability as a going concern in order to provide returns for shareholders and benefits for other stakeholders and to maintain an optimal capital structure.

### 30 CAPITAL MANAGEMENT

- Level 1: Quoted market price (adjusted) in an active market
  - Level 2: Valuation techniques based on observable inputs
  - Level 3: Valuation techniques using significant unobservable inputs. This category includes all instruments where the valuation technique includes inputs not based on observable data.
- There are no transfers into or out of Level 1 instruments.

In the fair value hierarchy in the preceding table, inputs and valuation techniques are as follows:

| Recurring FY Measurement as at June 30, 2023 | Recurring FY Measurement as at June 30, 2024 | Level I | Level II | Level III | Total      |
|--|--|---------|----------|-----------|------------|
| Short-term investments - in FVTPL            | 17,000,000                                   |         |          |           | 17,000,000 |
| Short-term investment - available for sale   | 9,006,813                                    |         |          |           | 9,006,813  |
| Long-term investment - in FVOCI              | 9,006,813                                    |         |          |           | 9,006,813  |
| Short-term investments - in FVTPL            | 19,598,144                                   |         |          |           | 19,598,144 |
| Short-term investment - available for sale   | 5,611,475                                    |         |          |           | 5,611,475  |
| Long-term investment - in FVOCI              | 5,611,475                                    |         |          |           | 5,611,475  |
| Recurring FY Measurement as at June 30, 2023 | Recurring FY Measurement as at June 30, 2024 |         |          |           |            |

Vious judgments and estimates are made in determining the fair value of financial instruments that are recognized and measured at fair value in the Company's financial statements. To provide an indication about the reliability of inputs used in determining fair value, financial instruments have been classified into three levels, as prescribed under accounting standards. An explanation of each level follows:

Fair value is the amount that would be received on the sale of an asset or paid on transfer of a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. Consequently, differences can arise between carrying values and fair value estimates, particularly due to the scale of its operations or to undertake a transaction on adverse terms.

26



The Company's objective in managing capital is to ensure that the Company is able to conduct as a going concern so that it can continue to provide adequate returns to shareholders and benefits to other stakeholders, and to maintain an optimal capital structure to reduce the cost of capital. As well, the Company has to comply with certain regulatory requirements under the Securities Act (Access to Information) Regulations, 2016 (as well as other relevant directives from regulating bodies issued from time to time).

Consistent with industry practice, the Company manages its capital risk by monitoring its debt levels and liquid assets, keeping in view future investment requirements.

## 28 CAPITAL RISK MANAGEMENT

The Company does not expect that the timing of quantum of cash flows outlined in the table above will change significantly, and as a result expects to be able to fulfil its obligations as they come due.

|                          | Carrying amount | Within one year | More than one year | As at June 30, 2023 |  |
|--------------------------|-----------------|-----------------|--------------------|---------------------|--|
| Financial Liabilities    |                 |                 |                    |                     |  |
| Loan from Directors      | 2,950,000       | -               | -                  | 2,950,000           |  |
| Short term borrowings    | 1,163,512       | 1,163,512       | -                  | 1,163,512           |  |
| Trade and other payables | 1,127,237       | 1,127,237       | -                  | 1,127,237           |  |
| Total                    | 2,290,749       | 2,290,749       | -                  | 2,290,749           |  |
| Financial Liabilities    |                 |                 |                    |                     |  |
| Loan from Directors      | 2,950,000       | -               | -                  | 2,950,000           |  |
| Short term borrowings    | 1,163,512       | 1,163,512       | -                  | 1,163,512           |  |
| Trade and other payables | 1,127,237       | 1,127,237       | -                  | 1,127,237           |  |
| Total                    | 2,290,749       | 2,290,749       | -                  | 2,290,749           |  |
| Financial Liabilities    |                 |                 |                    |                     |  |
| Loan from Directors      | 2,950,000       | -               | -                  | 2,950,000           |  |
| Short term borrowings    | 1,163,512       | 1,163,512       | -                  | 1,163,512           |  |
| Trade and other payables | 1,127,237       | 1,127,237       | -                  | 1,127,237           |  |
| Total                    | 2,290,749       | 2,290,749       | -                  | 2,290,749           |  |
| Financial Liabilities    |                 |                 |                    |                     |  |
| Loan from Directors      | 2,950,000       | -               | -                  | 2,950,000           |  |
| Short term borrowings    | 1,163,512       | 1,163,512       | -                  | 1,163,512           |  |
| Trade and other payables | 1,127,237       | 1,127,237       | -                  | 1,127,237           |  |
| Total                    | 2,290,749       | 2,290,749       | -                  | 2,290,749           |  |
| Financial Liabilities    |                 |                 |                    |                     |  |
| Loan from Directors      | 2,950,000       | -               | -                  | 2,950,000           |  |
| Short term borrowings    | 1,163,512       | 1,163,512       | -                  | 1,163,512           |  |
| Trade and other payables | 1,127,237       | 1,127,237       | -                  | 1,127,237           |  |
| Total                    | 2,290,749       | 2,290,749       | -                  | 2,290,749           |  |
| Financial Liabilities    |                 |                 |                    |                     |  |
| Loan from Directors      | 2,950,000       | -               | -                  | 2,950,000           |  |
| Short term borrowings    | 1,163,512       | 1,163,512       | -                  | 1,163,512           |  |
| Trade and other payables | 1,127,237       | 1,127,237       | -                  | 1,127,237           |  |
| Total                    | 2,290,749       | 2,290,749       | -                  | 2,290,749           |  |
| Financial Liabilities    |                 |                 |                    |                     |  |
| Loan from Directors      | 2,950,000       | -               | -                  | 2,950,000           |  |
| Short term borrowings    | 1,163,512       | 1,163,512       | -                  | 1,163,512           |  |
| Trade and other payables | 1,127,237       | 1,127,237       | -                  | 1,127,237           |  |
| Total                    | 2,290,749       | 2,290,749       | -                  | 2,290,749           |  |
| Financial Liabilities    |                 |                 |                    |                     |  |
| Loan from Directors      | 2,950,000       | -               | -                  | 2,950,000           |  |
| Short term borrowings    | 1,163,512       | 1,163,512       | -                  | 1,163,512           |  |
| Trade and other payables | 1,127,237       | 1,127,237       | -                  | 1,127,237           |  |
| Total                    | 2,290,749       | 2,290,749       | -                  | 2,290,749           |  |
| Financial Liabilities    |                 |                 |                    |                     |  |
| Loan from Directors      | 2,950,000       | -               | -                  | 2,950,000           |  |
| Short term borrowings    | 1,163,512       | 1,163,512       | -                  | 1,163,512           |  |
| Trade and other payables | 1,127,237       | 1,127,237       | -                  | 1,127,237           |  |
| Total                    | 2,290,749       | 2,290,749       | -                  | 2,290,749           |  |

The table below classifies the Company's financial liabilities into relevant maturity groups based on the date to which they fall matured, as in the balance sheet date. The amounts in the table are contractual undiscounted cash flows when necessary, borrowing, with a view to maintaining liquidity and sources of finance and the dynamic nature of the business and the industry it operates in. The Company finance is operations through equity and, as and securities, the availability of adequate funds through committed credit facilities and the ability to close out market positions due to when necessary, borrowing, with a view to maintaining liquidity and sources of finance and the dynamic nature of the business and the industry it operates in. The Company finance is operations through equity and, as and the availability of funds through committed credit facilities and the ability to close out market positions due to the need for such securities, the availability of adequate funds through committed credit facilities and the maximum credit exposure before consideration of collateral and financial liabilities.

## 27.4 Liquidity Risk

|                            | June-2023  | June-2024  | June-2023  | June-2024  |                          |
|----------------------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|--------------------------|
| Long term investments      | 5,614,75   | 9,006,813  | 3,656,024  | 4,056,024  |                          |
| Long term deposits         | 3,656,024  | 4,056,024  | 0          | 52,307     | Trade debtors            |
| Prepayments and advances   | 1,705,147  | 8,302,400  | 1,705,147  | 8,302,400  | Short term investments   |
| Customer and bank balances | 19,598,144 | 17,000,000 | 19,598,144 | 17,000,000 | Short term borrowings    |
| Cash and bank balances     | 180,799    | 494,979    | 180,799    | 494,979    | Trade and other payables |
| Total                      | 38,912,733 | 30,751,589 | 38,912,733 | 30,751,589 | Liquidity risk           |

The carrying amount of financial assets, which represents the maximum credit exposure before consideration of collateral and counterparty creditworthiness, is as specified below.

- Long-term investment with credit ratings such as banks, domestic houses and stock exchanges.
- Divestiture of clients and investment partners; and collection and maintenance of collateral if, as and when deemed necessary and appropriate.
- Collection and maintenance of trading limits to clients in accordance with their net worth.
- Assumption of emerging into forward contracts;
- Development of and compliance with risk management, investment and operational policies / guidelines (including guidelines in respect of entering into forward contracts);
- Measures taken by management to manage and mitigate credit risk include:



Credit risk of the Company arises from deposits with banks and financial institutions, trade debts, losses and advances, maximum is a theoretical formulation as the Company largely holds collateral against potential credit losses, investments and other receivables. The carrying amount of financial assets represents the maximum credit exposure, although this

credit risk is the task than one party to a financial instrument will fail to discharge its obligation and cause the other party to incur a financial loss. Concentration of credit risk arises when a number of counterparties are engaged in similar business activities or have economic, political, or other conditions. Concentrations of credit risk indicate the relative sensitivity of changes in similar economic features that would cause the risk of counterparties to be similarly affected by changes in performance to developments affecting a particular industry.

### 27.3 Credit risk

The Company is exposed to price risk in respect of investments carried at fair value (whether as available-for-sale investments or as instruments at fair value through profit or loss). Such price risk comprises both the risk that the price of individual equity investments will fluctuate and the risk that there will be an index-wide movement in prices. Measures taken by the Company to mitigate, manage and mitigate price risk include daily monitoring of movements in stock indexes (such as the KST, 100 index) as well as of the correlation between the Company's investment portfolio with stock indexes.

Price risk is the risk that the fair value of financial instruments will fluctuate as a result of changes in market prices, whether such changes are due to macroeconomic or other factor affecting similar financial instruments being traded in the market (such instruments) or due to factors specific to individual financial instruments (including factors specific to issues of such instruments) or due to market movements in general. Similar financial instruments being traded in the market are those that are available for sale.

### 27.2.3 Price risk

Price risk is the risk that the fair value of financial instruments will fluctuate as a result of changes in market prices, whether such changes are due to factors specific to individual financial instruments (including factors specific to issues of such instruments) or due to market movements in general. Similar financial instruments being traded in the market are those that are available for sale.

### 27.2.2 Interest rate risk

Company is not exposed to major foreign exchange risk in this respect. Current risk mainly arises where receivables and payables arise due to transactions with foreign counterparties. The

### 27.2 Market risk

Market risk comprises of three types of risk: currency risk, interest rate risk and other price risk. Changes in liquidity in the market credit risk is the risk that the value of financial instruments may fluctuate as a result of changes in market interest rates. Changes in the value of the financial instruments will fluctuate due to changes in market interest rates. Sensitivity to interest / mark-up

### 27.1 Currency risk

Market risk is the risk of decline in earnings due to adverse movements of the yield curve. Interest rate risk is the risk that the value of financial instruments may fluctuate as a result of changes in market interest rates. The Company has established adequate procedures to manage each of these risks as explained below.

The Company's activities are exposed to a variety of financial risks: market risk, credit risk and liquidity risk. The Company has established framework. It is also responsible for developing and maintaining the Company's risk management policies, which are monitored and assessed for effectiveness throughout the year. The Company's risk management policies are established to identify and analyse the risks faced by the Company, to set appropriate risk limits and to establish control over risk. Through its treasury and management standards and procedures, the Company aims to develop a disciplined and constructive environment in which all employees understand their roles and obligations.

### 27.1 Risk management framework

## 27 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT

24



| ASSETS                         |            |            |            |            |                          |
|--------------------------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|--------------------------|
| Amortized cost                 | FVOCI      | FVTPL      | Total      | Rupees     |                          |
| <b>Jun-2024</b>                |            |            |            |            |                          |
| 3,656,024                      | 5,611,475  |            |            | 9,267,475  | Long term investments    |
| 3,656,024                      | 5,611,475  |            |            | 9,267,475  | Non-current assets       |
| 1,705,147                      | 19,598,144 | 180,799    | 19,598,144 | 19,598,144 | Short-term investments   |
| 1,705,147                      | 19,598,144 | 180,799    | 19,598,144 | 19,598,144 | Prepayments and advances |
| 1,127,237                      | 1,127,237  | 1,163,512  | 1,163,512  | 1,163,512  | Trade and other payables |
| 2,950,000                      |            |            |            | 2,950,000  | Loan from Directors      |
| <b>Jun-2024</b>                |            |            |            |            | LIABILITIES              |
| 4,056,024                      | 9,006,813  |            |            | 9,006,813  | Long term investments    |
| 4,056,024                      | 9,006,813  |            |            | 9,006,813  | Non-current assets       |
| 52,507                         | 17,000,000 | 17,000,000 | 52,507     | 52,507     | Short-term investments   |
| 8,302,400                      |            |            | 8,302,400  | 8,302,400  | Trade debtors            |
| 494,979                        |            |            | 494,979    | 494,979    | Cash and bank balances   |
| 1,827,719                      |            |            | 1,827,719  | 1,827,719  | Trade and other payables |
| 2,508,715                      |            |            | 2,508,715  | 2,508,715  | Short term borrowings    |
| <b>LIABILITIES</b>             |            |            |            |            |                          |
| 2,950,000                      |            |            |            | 2,950,000  | Loan from Directors      |
| <b>NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES</b> |            |            |            |            |                          |
| 4,056,024                      |            |            |            | 4,056,024  | Current assets           |
| 52,507                         |            |            | 52,507     | 52,507     | Short-term investments   |
| 8,302,400                      |            |            | 8,302,400  | 8,302,400  | Trade debtors            |
| 494,979                        |            |            | 494,979    | 494,979    | Cash and bank balances   |
| 1,827,719                      |            |            | 1,827,719  | 1,827,719  | Trade and other payables |
| 2,508,715                      |            |            | 2,508,715  | 2,508,715  | Short term borrowings    |

23



*July 2012*

| Name    | June-2012 | Balances | June-2012 | No. |
|---------|-----------|----------|-----------|-----|
| 629,253 | 179,132   | 629,253  | 179,132   | 1   |
| 100,667 | 92,709    | 100,667  | 92,709    | 1   |
| 528,606 | 154,424   | 528,606  | 154,424   | 1   |

The aggregate amount charged to the General expenses for remuneration, including benefits, to the direct executives, directors and relatives of the Company as per the terms of their employment is as follows:

#### 25 REMUNERATION OF CHIEF EXECUTIVE, DIRECTORS AND EXECUTIVES

No figure for direct expenses per share has been presented as the Company has not issued any direct expenses-varying options which would have an impact on earnings per share when converted.

Weighted average number of ordinary shares in issue during the year  
Period / (Year) after taxation, attributable to ordinary shareholders  
(6,151,753) (5,610,000) (15,610,000)  
(6,151,753) (6,151,753) (6,151,753)

Basic earnings per share is calculated by dividing profit after tax for the year by the weighted average

#### 26 EARNINGS PER SHARE

The net provision made in the financial statements is considered sufficient:

|           |           |           |
|-----------|-----------|-----------|
| 138,638   | 111,302   | 138,638   |
| 137,116   | 367,648   | 137,116   |
| 1,266,773 | 2,266,773 | 1,266,773 |

To the year  
prior year

#### 27 OTHER INCOME / (LOSSES)

|         |         |         |
|---------|---------|---------|
| 361,366 | 94,805  | 361,366 |
| 124,119 | 267,356 | 124,119 |
| 124,119 | 361,366 | 124,119 |

Market-up on financial assets  
Market-up on financial assets

|         |         |         |
|---------|---------|---------|
| 150,000 | 150,000 | 150,000 |
| 150,000 | 150,000 | 150,000 |

Market-up on financial assets  
Market-up on financial assets

|           |           |           |
|-----------|-----------|-----------|
| 6,119,344 | 3,578,057 | 6,119,344 |
| 58,575    | 38,575    | 58,575    |
| 39,1      | 150,000   | 39,1      |
| 61,580    | 42,948    | 61,580    |
| 7,250     | 10,460    | 7,250     |
| 7,160     | 6,200     | 7,160     |
| 13,588    | 4,22,722  | 13,588    |
| 99,455    | 173,985   | 99,455    |
| 500,6885  | 315,355   | 500,6885  |
| 1,887,500 | 1,522,600 | 1,887,500 |
| 1,887,500 | 1,522,600 | 1,887,500 |
| 1,887,500 | 1,522,600 | 1,887,500 |
| 1,887,500 | 1,522,600 | 1,887,500 |

Depreciation  
Provision for Doubtful Debts  
Allowance for doubtful debts  
Market-up on intangible assets

|           |           |           |
|-----------|-----------|-----------|
| 8,287,044 | 2,495,808 | 8,287,044 |
| 7,758,408 | 2,541,244 | 7,758,408 |
| 528,606   | 154,424   | 528,606   |
| 100,667   | 92,709    | 100,667   |
| 1,522,600 | 1,522,600 | 1,522,600 |

Dividend income  
Net Marketing Commission excluding fees on a selection  
Last Sales less no service  
Bottling Income

| Name     | June-2012 | Balances | June-2012 | No. |
|----------|-----------|----------|-----------|-----|
| JUN-2012 | 629,253   | 179,132  | 629,253   | 1   |
| 179,132  | 629,253   | 179,132  | 629,253   | 1   |

Operating Revenue  
Notes to the Financial Statements  
Shareholders' Equity

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## 133 Pattern of Shareholding

For the Year Ended June 30, 2024  
Notes to the Financial Statements

181. The Company made a deposit with L&T Financial Services Limited in the amount of PKR 1,206,02/- to secure access to Finance and Sector Line to operating lease that has the above-outlined lease for no continuing guarantee or commitment of the Company as of June 30, 2024.  
Should neither of those parties make available, Management intends to take measures to recover the lease if the lessor makes such available.  
Leasing with respect to the said lease is a continuing arrangement with the amount due being measured at fair value less costs of disposal.

## 18 CONTINGENCIES AND COMMITMENTS

|           |           |           |
|-----------|-----------|-----------|
| 1,571,146 | 357,307   | 357,307   |
| (286,373) | 1,612,188 | 1,571,146 |
| 357,307   | 1,571,146 | -         |
| 1,571,146 | 357,307   | -         |
|           | (286,373) | -         |

Lease Adjustment pursuant to section 30  
Closing balance as of June 30, 2023

Add/(less): Adjustment for year provision  
Add/(less): Current Year Provision  
Operating balance as of July 01

## 17 PROVISION FOR TAXATION

182. The Company has secured a recurring Finance facility from Bank Al Rajhi limited to meet working capital requirements. The facility will last until PKR 5 million.  
Interest rate is 3-month KLIBOR + 2.5% per annum, payable quarterly. The facility is secured against pledged shares as well as the personal guarantee of all of the Company's Directors.

|           |           |           |
|-----------|-----------|-----------|
| 2,508,715 | 1,163,512 | 1,163,512 |
| PKR       | Rupee     | Rupee     |

## 16 SHORT TERM BORROWINGS

183. The balances and amounts due to the bank per books.

|                  |                                      |                  |
|------------------|--------------------------------------|------------------|
| 9,144            | 257,077                              | 257,077          |
| Accrued expenses | Wages, salaries and benefits payable | Accrued expenses |
| Trade creditors  | Trade creditors                      | Trade creditors  |
| 387,356          | 387,356                              | 387,356          |
| 607,875          | 163,016                              | 163,016          |
| 623,621          | 525,000                              | 525,000          |
| 152,000          | 152,000                              | 152,000          |
| 9,144            | 257,077                              | 257,077          |
|                  | 1,163,512                            | 1,163,512        |

## 15 TRADE AND OTHER PAYABLES

184. This specifies a subordinated, interest-free loan entered into between Directors of the Company to fund the working capital and other needs. Documented terms of the loan indicate that the loan is not repayable until June 30, 2024. Repayment terms of the loan are such that the document will be paid in full upon proceeds received and, accordingly, the liability has been recorded in proceeds received. During the year the rest of the company paid the liability.

|           |           |
|-----------|-----------|
| 2,950,000 | 2,950,000 |
| PKR       | PKR       |

## 14 LONG TERM FINANCING

| Note           | Jun-2024  | Jun-2023  | Rupees |
|----------------|-----------|-----------|--------|
| M. Ahsay Shah  | 1,440,000 | 1,440,000 |        |
| M. Ishqay Shah | 8,503,000 | 8,503,000 |        |
| M. Afzal Shah  | 374,000   | 374,000   |        |
| A. Ishaq Shah  | 1,224,500 | 1,224,500 |        |
| 2,407,000      | 2,407,000 | 2,407,000 |        |
| 5,417,000      | 5,417,000 | 5,417,000 |        |
| 9,322,000      | 9,322,000 | 9,322,000 |        |
| 3,504,700      | 3,504,700 | 3,504,700 |        |
| 374,000        | 374,000   | 374,000   |        |
| 1,440,000      | 1,440,000 | 1,440,000 |        |
| M. Ahsay Shah  | 1,440,000 | 1,440,000 |        |
| M. Ishqay Shah | 8,503,000 | 8,503,000 |        |
| M. Afzal Shah  | 374,000   | 374,000   |        |
| A. Ishaq Shah  | 1,224,500 | 1,224,500 |        |
| 2,407,000      | 2,407,000 | 2,407,000 |        |
| 5,417,000      | 5,417,000 | 5,417,000 |        |
| 9,322,000      | 9,322,000 | 9,322,000 |        |

| Number of Shares | Jun-24     | Jun-23     | Percentage |
|------------------|------------|------------|------------|
|                  | 15,610,000 | 15,610,000 | 100%       |

| As at July 1, 2023                 |                   |             |           |             |         |
|------------------------------------|-------------------|-------------|-----------|-------------|---------|
|                                    | Fixtures & Office | Equipment   | Vehicles  | Total       | 2024    |
| Cost                               | 364,230           | 3,501,004   | 223,000   | 4,088,234   | 34,113  |
| Accumulated Depreciation           | (350,117)         | (2,953,205) | (221,581) | (3,504,903) | 547,800 |
| Net book value                     | 364,230           | 3,501,004   | 223,000   | 4,088,234   | 1,419   |
| Depreciation charge for the period | 34,111            | 547,800     | 223,000   | 4,088,234   | 583,331 |
| Depreciation rate per annum        | 10%               | 10%         | 10%       | 10%         | 20%     |

| As at July 1, 2022                 |                   |             |           |             |           |
|------------------------------------|-------------------|-------------|-----------|-------------|-----------|
|                                    | Fixtures & Office | Equipment   | Vehicles  | Total       | 2023      |
| Cost                               | 364,230           | 3,501,004   | 223,000   | 4,088,234   | 37,903    |
| Accumulated Depreciation           | (326,327)         | (2,892,338) | (221,226) | (3,439,892) | 608,966   |
| Net book value                     | 364,230           | 3,501,004   | 223,000   | 4,088,234   | 1,774     |
| Depreciation during the period     | -                 | -           | -         | -           | 648,343   |
| Additions                          | -                 | -           | -         | -           | 37,903    |
| Disposals                          | -                 | -           | -         | -           | (326,327) |
| Cost                               | 364,230           | 3,501,004   | 223,000   | 4,088,234   | 326,327   |
| Accumulated Depreciation           | (343,529)         | (3,007,585) | (221,865) | (3,563,378) | 648,343   |
| Net book value                     | 364,230           | 3,501,004   | 223,000   | 4,088,234   | 1,774     |
| Depreciation for the period        | -                 | -           | -         | -           | 648,343   |
| As at June 30, 2023                | 3,790             | 60,867      | 355       | 65,012      |           |
| Depreciation charge for the period | -                 | -           | -         | -           |           |
| Cost at June 30, 2023              | 3,790             | 60,867      | 355       | 65,012      |           |

| As at June 30, 2022                |                   |             |           |             |           |
|------------------------------------|-------------------|-------------|-----------|-------------|-----------|
|                                    | Fixtures & Office | Equipment   | Vehicles  | Total       | 2023      |
| Cost                               | 364,230           | 3,501,004   | 223,000   | 4,088,234   | 30,701    |
| Accumulated Depreciation           | (333,529)         | (3,007,585) | (221,865) | (3,563,378) | 493,020   |
| Net book value                     | 364,230           | 3,501,004   | 223,000   | 4,088,234   | 1,135     |
| Depreciation during the period     | -                 | -           | -         | -           | 524,856   |
| Additions                          | -                 | -           | -         | -           | 30,701    |
| Disposals                          | -                 | -           | -         | -           | (333,529) |
| Cost                               | 364,230           | 3,501,004   | 223,000   | 4,088,234   | 326,327   |
| Accumulated Depreciation           | (343,529)         | (3,007,585) | (221,865) | (3,563,378) | 648,343   |
| Net book value                     | 364,230           | 3,501,004   | 223,000   | 4,088,234   | 1,774     |
| Depreciation for the period        | -                 | -           | -         | -           | 648,343   |
| As at June 30, 2022                | 3,790             | 60,867      | 355       | 65,012      |           |
| Depreciation charge for the period | -                 | -           | -         | -           |           |
| Cost at June 30, 2022              | 3,790             | 60,867      | 355       | 65,012      |           |



All "Regular Way" Purchases and Sales of financial assets are recognized on settlement date on balances and share custody shifted to E-clear Now, all sale and purchase recognized by E-clear. Company clients and property settled by H-clear, because company shifted its category to Trade only and no client balance and share lying with the company. All client which the company commits to purchase and sale of financial assets through E-clear. The Company clients and property settled by H-clear, because company shifted its

#### **4.23 Settlement Date Accounting**

All transactions involving related parties arising in the normal course of business are conducted and recorded at rates that are not less than market.

#### **4.22 Related party transactions**

Derivative financial instruments are recognized at their fair value on the date on which a derivative contract is entered into. Subsequently, any changes in fair values arising on marking-to-market of these instruments are taken to the profit and loss account.

#### **4.21 Derivative financial instruments**

Monetary assets and liabilities in foreign currencies are translated into functional currency at the rates of exchange prevailing at the balance sheet date. Transactions in foreign currencies are translated into functional currency at the rates of exchange prevailing at the date of transaction. Foreign exchange gains and losses resulting from the settlement of such transactions and from translation at year-end exchange rates of monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are recognized in income.

#### **4.20 Foreign currency transactions and translation**

Assets held in trust or in a fiduciary capacity by the Company are not treated as assets of the Company.

#### **4.19 Fiduciary assets**

Borrowing costs are recognized as an expense in the period in which these are incurred except to the extent of borrowing costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of a qualifying asset. Such borrowing costs, if any, are capitalized as part of the cost of the relevant asset.

#### **4.18 Borrowing costs**

These are recorded at the proceeds received. Finance costs are accounted for on accrual basis and are disclosed as accrued interest / make-up to the extent of the amount unpaid at the reporting date.

#### **4.17 Borrowings**



Mark-up / interest income is recognized on a same proportion basis on the principal amount outstanding and at the rate applicable.

#### **4.16 Mark up / interest income**

Dividends received from investments measured at fair value through other comprehensive income is recognized in relation to an investment measured at fair value is recognized in other comprehensive income unless the dividend clearly represents a recovery of a part of the cost of an investment in this case, divided and measured reliably. This applies even if they are paid out of pre-acquisition profits, unless the association with the dividend will flow to the company and the amount of the dividend can be measured reliably or when the right to receive payment is established, it is probable that the economic benefits or loss which the dividend represents measured at fair value through other comprehensive income. Dividends are recognized in the statement of profit or loss through other comprehensive income. Dividends are recognized in the statement of profit or loss which the right to receive payment is established, it is probable that the economic benefits associated with the dividend will flow to the company and the amount of the dividend can be measured reliably. This applies even if they are paid out of pre-acquisition profits, unless the association with the dividend will flow to the company and the amount of the dividend can be measured reliably.

#### **4.15 Dividend income**

- Income / profit on exposure deposits is recognized using the effective interest rate during the period in which they arise.
- Profit and loss (for assets measured at FVTPL) or OCI (for assets measured at ROCI) in profit and loss arising from marking to market financial assets are included in unrealized capital gains / losses the period in which they arise.
- Gains / (losses) arising on sale of investments are included in the profit and loss account in the period in which they arise.
- Income on fixed term investments is recognized using the effective interest method.
- Return on deposits is recognized using the effective interest method.
- Dividend income is recognized when the right to receive the dividend is established.
- Brokerage and commission income is recognized when brokerage services are rendered.

Revenue is recognized to the extent that it is probable that economic benefits will flow to the company and the amount of revenue can be measured reliably. Revenue is measured in the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, net of any direct expenses. Revenue is recognized on the following basis:

#### **4.14 Revenue recognition**

Provisions are recognized when the Company has a present legal or constructive obligation as a result of past event and it is probable that an outflow of economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate can be made. Provisions are recognized in each reporting date and adjusted to reflect the current best estimate.

#### **4.13 Provisions**

of items credited or charged to comprehensive income or equity, in which case it is included in comprehensive income or equity.



Deducted tax is charged or credited in the statement of profit or loss account, except in the case

enacted or substantially enacted by the reporting date.

Deducted tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply to the period when the asset is realized or the liability is settled, based on the tax rates that have been

the extent that it is no longer probable that the related tax benefit will be realized. Carrying amount of all deducted tax assets are reduced at each reporting date and are reduced to the deductible temporary differences and carried forward unused tax losses can be utilized. To the extent that it is probable that future taxable profit will be available against which losses, tax assets are recognized for all deductible temporary differences and carried forward unused tax assets are recognized for all taxable temporary differences and deferred

for financial reporting purposes

differences at the reporting date because the tax base and carrying amount of assets and liabilities

### **Deducted**

the year:

where necessary, relating to prior years which arise from assessments framed / finalized during computations and rebates available, if any. The charge for current tax also includes adjustments, enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date, and racks into account tax credits, with the prevailing law for taxation of income. The charge for current tax is calculated using rates provision for current taxation is based on taxable income for the year determined in accordance

### **Current**

Income tax expense comprises current and deferred tax.

## **4.12 Taxation**

The Company did not have any circumstantial benefits plan.

### **4.11 Staff retirement benefits**

current otherwise

Trade and other payables are recognized initially at fair value plus directly attributable cost, if any, and subsequently measured at amortized cost using the effective interest method. They are classified as current if payment is due within twelve months of the reporting date, and as non-

### **4.10 Trade and other payables**

account over the period of the borrowings using the effective interest method. of transaction costs) and the redemption value is recognized in the statement of profit or loss



Borrowings are subsequently carried at amortized cost; any difference between the proceeds (net of attributable transaction costs incurred) and cash equivalent initially at fair value, net of attributable transaction costs incurred.

#### 4.9 Borrowings

Cash and cash equivalents are carried at cost and include cash in hand, balances with banks in current and deposit accounts, stamps in hand, other short-term highly liquid investments with original maturities of less than three months and short-term running finances.

#### 4.8 Cash and cash equivalents

Provision is made on the basis of lifetime ICLs that result from all possible default events over the expected life of the trade debts and other receivables. Bad debts are written off when considered irrecoverable.

Trade debts and other receivables are stated initially at amortised cost using the effective interest rate method.

#### 4.7 Trade debts and other receivables

Financial assets and liabilities are offset and the net amount is reported in the statement of financial position if the Company has a legal right to set off the transaction and also indicates either to settle on a net basis or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

#### 4.6 Offsetting of financial assets and financial liabilities

For the purpose of assessing impairment, assets are grouped into cash-generating units: the lowest levels for which there are separately identifiable cash flows.

The carrying amounts of non-financial assets are assessed at each reporting date to ascertain whether there is any indication of impairment. If such an indication exists, the asset's recoverable amount - defined as the higher of the asset's fair value less costs of disposal and the asset's value-in-use (present value of estimated future cash flows using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and asset specific risk) - is compared to determine the extent of the impairment loss.

Loss allowances for financial assets measured at amortized cost are deducted from the gross carrying amount of the assets. The gross carrying amount of a financial asset is written off when the Company has no reasonable expectation of recovering a financial asset in its entirety or a portion thereof. The Company makes this assessment on an individual asset basis, after consideration of multiple historical and forward-looking factors. Financial assets that are written off may still be subject to enforcement activities in order to comply with the Company's processes and procedures for recovery of amounts due.

#### Non-financial assets